

H1N1 FLU VACCINE ELIGIBILITY SUMMARY

The following is a list of vaccine types and manufacturers and who is eligible for each type and manufacturer of vaccine.

The following is a list of vaccine and who it's approved for. All persons receiving the H1N1 flu vaccine must answer **NO** to all the following questions:

- Do they have a severe allergy to chicken eggs?
- Have they had a severe reaction to past seasonal flu vaccinations?
- Do they have a history of Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS)?
- Are they under 6 months old?
- Do they have a moderate-to-severe illness with a fever? (they should wait until they recover)

Prefilled Single-Dose Syringe¹

1. **Sanofi Pasteur Pediatric Dose**
 - 6-35 months (0.25 mL dose)²
2. **Sanofi Pasteur³**
 - 36 months-9 years²
 - 10 years or older
3. **Novartis³**
 - 4-9 years²
 - 10 years or older
4. **CSL³**
 - 3-9 years²
 - 10 years or older

Multidose Vial^{1,3,4}

1. **Sanofi Pasteur³**
 - 6 months-35 months (requires 0.25 mL dose)^{2,4}
 - 3-9 years²
 - 10 years or older
2. **Novartis³**
 - 4-9 years²
 - 10 years or older
3. **CSL³**
 - 3-9 years²
 - 10 years or older

Nasal Spray (LAIV)^{5,6}

1. **MedImmune FluMist**
 - 2– 9 years²
 - 10-49 years who do not have a chronic health condition⁶
 - Not approved for pregnant women

1. Each dose is 0.5 mL, unless otherwise noted.

2. Requires 2 doses approximately 1 month apart.

3. Contains thimerosal, a mercury derivative, added as a preservative. Each 0.5mL dose contains 25 micrograms (mcg).

4. Patients that received FluMist for seasonal flu need to wait 28 days until they can receive FluMist for H1N1 flu.

5. Patients must be off of antiviral medications (such as Tamiflu or Relenza) for at least 48 hours prior to vaccination. Having antivirals in a patient's system when being vaccine with LAIV may lessen the effectiveness of the vaccine and/or the antivirals.

6. Chronic illnesses include cancer, blood disorders (including sickle cell), chronic lung disease (i.e. asthma or COPD), diabetes, heart disease (excluding hypertension), kidney, liver and neurological disorders (i.e. epilepsy, cerebral palsy, brain or spinal cord injuries, moderate to profound intellectual disability [mental retardation] or developmental delay), neuromuscular disorders (i.e. muscular dystrophy and multiple sclerosis), weakened immune systems (i.e. medications, H1V).