

MCHENRY COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE LANDMARK LIST

Published by the McHenry County Historic Preservation Commission

Revision Date: *May 2016*

Submit revisions to: McHenry County Historic Preservation Commission

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The following list includes historic landmarks of McHenry County that have been landmarked/plaqued by one of the following organizations:

- ★ National Register of Historic Places
- ★ McHenry County Historic Preservation Commission
- ★ McHenry County Historical Society
- ★ Huntley Historic Preservation Commission
- ★ Marengo Society for Historic Preservation
- ★ Greater Harvard Historical Society
- ★ City of Woodstock
- ★ City of McHenry Landmark Commission
- ★ Algonquin Founders Day Committee

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES:

Property Name, Address, City, or Village (Year Built)

1. Memorial Hall 10308 Main Street, Richmond (1908)
2. Lucien Boneparte Covell House 5805 Broadway, Richmond (circa 1900)
3. Colonel Gustavius A. Palmer House 5516 Terra Cotta Avenue, Crystal Lake (1858)
4. The Count's House 3803 Waukegan Road, McHenry
5. Charles H. Hibbard House 413 West Grant Highway, Marengo
6. Orson Rogers House 19621 East Grant Street, Marengo
7. Old McHenry County Courthouse Woodstock, City Square, Woodstock
8. Woodstock Opera House 110 Van Buren Street Woodstock Dorr
9. Woodstock Square Historic District Woodstock, City Square, Woodstock
10. George Stickney House 1904 Cherry Valley Road, Bull Valley (1865)
11. Terrwilliger House Mason Hill & Cherry Valley Roads, Bull Valley (1849)
12. Christian Geister House 302 South Main Street, Algonquin (1894)

McHENRY COUNTY HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION:

Property Name, Address, City or Village/Township (Year Built) – *Date Designated*

1. Tryon Grove Farm, 8914 Tryon Grove Road, Box 218, Ringwood/Hebron (1870) – 7/1993
2. John B. Walkup House, 5215 North Walkup Road, Crystal Lake/Nunda (1856) – 8/1993
3. Old Greenwood School House, 4614 Greenwood Road, Woodstock/Greenwood (1859) – 6/1994
4. Diggins School House, 19017 River Road, Marengo/Seneca (1914) – 9/1993
5. Ormsby–Starck House, 8909 McConnell Road, Woodstock/Dorr (1860) – 4/1994
6. John James House, 2719 Greenwood Road, Woodstock/Greenwood (1850) – 5/1995
7. Holcombville School, 6310 Crystal Springs Road, Crystal Lake/Nunda (1858) – 2/1995
8. The Newman House, 20605 East Brink Street, Harvard/Dunham (1873) – 5/1995

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9. Ostend Cemetery Route, 120 McHenry/McHenry, (1812) – 9/1997
10. Christopher Walkup House, 2809 Country Club Road, Woodstock/Dorr (1869) – 3/1997
11. Miller Chapel, Ringwood & Johnsbury Roads, Johnsbury/McHenry (1878) – 9/1998
12. Mount Auburn Cemetery, East Brink Street, Harvard/Dunham (1867) – 6/1998
13. Rudolphus Hutchinson, House Route 14 & Hebron Roads, Harvard/Chemung (1838) – 7/1997
14. Coral Township Witness Tree, South Coral Road, Marengo/Coral (1837) – 6/1999
15. Woodstock & North Streets. Village of Huntley, Huntley/Grafton (1915) – 2/1999
16. *Allendale Steel Truss Bridge, Allendale Road {lost} Greenwood/Greenwood (1939) – 8/2000*
17. Carr-Harrison Cemetery, Barnard Mill Road, Ringwood/McHenry (1850) – 12/2000
18. Stowell-Deicke Farmstead, 12201 W. Main Street, Huntley/Grafton (c 1840s) – 8/2001
19. Trout Valley Stonegate, Entrance Cary-Algonquin Road, Cary/Algonquin (c 1920s) – 4/2006
20. Chunn’s Burying Ground, Algonquin Road, Algonquin/Algonquin (1809) – 8/2008
21. Barber Cemetery, Hartman Road, Marengo/Riley (c1852) – 9/2009
22. Trout Valley Pool, River Road, Trout Valley/Algonquin (1923) – 9/2012
23. Old Harmony Road School, 16903 Harmony Road, Marengo/Coral (1931) – 10/2013
24. Old Haligus District 81 School, 7511 Haligus Road, Huntley/Grafton (1861) – 09/2014
25. Powers–Walker Historic Site, 6201 Harts Road, Ringwood/Richmond (c 1854) – 02/2015
26. William Coventry Farmstead, 7704 N. Division Street (U.S. Hy 14), Harvard/Chemung (1855) – 05/2016.

Net remaining: 25 designated properties

(Part II of List — with detailed descriptions — continues on next page)

Property Name, Address, City, Township (Year Built)

1. Tryon Grove Farm, 8914 Tryon Grove Road, Box 218 Ringwood/Hebron Township, (1870) – Residence of Captain Charles Hopkins Tryon until the turn-of-the-century is an outstanding example of cross-gabled bracketed Italianate architecture. Built in the mid 1800's, the farm retains many of its original structures. Later structures reflect advances made in American agricultural practices. Charles Hopkins Tryon was the eldest son of Bela and Harriet Tryon who established the farmstead in 1837. Bela was the first postmaster at Hebron and Harriet named Hebron Township.
2. John B. Walkup House, 5215 North Walkup Road Crystal Lake/Nunda Township, (1856) – This cobblestone Greek Revival house is one of the few remaining cobblestone houses in McHenry County. It was built in 1856 of cobblestones brought from Lake Michigan. It is a good representation of the Greek Revival style with its cornice returns, front-gable side-wing layout, front door surround including transom and side-light windows, 6-over-6 light windows and cornice windows on the side wing. It was built by John B. Walkup, one of the first settlers of McHenry County and founder of the town of Nunda.
3. Old Greenwood School House, 4614 Greenwood Road Woodstock/Greenwood Township, (1859) – The Greenwood School was built in 1859 by subscription of yellow, Milwaukee brick, It is Greek Revival in style with the cornice returns, front door surround and stone lintels, It is a two-story building with a one-room classroom on each of the two floors. The upper room was used for the High School. Classes met here until 1948, It was sold at an auction to the Vogel's who have used it as a private residence since.
4. Diggins School House, 19017 River Road Marengo/Seneca Township, (1914) – The Diggins School was built in 1914 and has excellent architectural integrity excepting the bell-tower that was removed. However, the bell still is on the property as is the original merry-go-round, teeter-totter and flagpole. Its "hooded" front entry sets it off from the average frame school house. Although the school is now being used as a private residence, the original light fixtures, water coolers, desks and chalkboard are still in the interior of the school.
5. Ormsby–Starck House, 8909 McConnell Road Woodstock/Dorr Township, (1861) – The original portion of the William and Lucia Ormsby house was built in 1861. In 1946, Philip and Elizabeth Starck purchased the house and had noted architect, John Vincent Anderson, remodel and add to the original house, the result was a 22 room, 6,500 square-foot home with added details including marble-slabbed bathrooms, a large walk-in cooler, white tiled Terra Cotta walls in the kitchen area and white oak paneled walls in the library complete with a secret closet.
6. John James House, 2719 Greenwood Road Woodstock/Greenwood Township, (1850) – This house was built by John James who came to settle here in 1842 from New Hampshire. John James was one of the first 12 founding members of the Baptist Church of Greenwood. He was also active in township politics and was the road commissioner during the 1850's. In the 1860's James was the "overseer of the poor". This house is thought to have been part of the Underground Railroad due to its kitchen trap door and hidden stairway in the basement. Although this house has some Greek Revival features, due to its layout and symmetry, it is considered to be of the Georgian architectural style. It is made out of brick with 12 inch thick walls,

7. Holcombville School, 6310 Crystal Springs Road Crystal Lake/Nunda Township, (1858) – one-half acre of land was purchased by the school directors in 1858 from Sutherland Ingersoll for \$12.25. This one-room schoolhouse was named after the Holcomb family that lived nearby. It operated as a school until 1946 when it closed due to consolidation. The school was built out of brick with the decorative brickwork at the cornice to represent dentils and cornice returns. It has never been converted to alternate uses and is in the original condition.
8. The Newman House, 20605 East Brink Street Harvard/Dunham Township, (1873) – The Frank and Louisa Newman house was built in 1873 on land purchased by the Newman's in 1867. It is built in the Italianate style out of bricks that are thought to have been made on site. Newman and his father-in-law, Washington Hammond, were both brick masons by trade and thought to have operated a brickyard on site. Several initials and names are pressed into the bricks that were made to be used in this house. These imprints can still be seen in the bricks. Both Newman and Hammond served in the Civil War at Vicksburg.
9. Ostend Cemetery, Route 120, McHenry/McHenry Township, (1842) – Apollos Thompson came to settle in this area in 1842. He then brought his wife and children from their Ohio home. His wife, Lucinda, died in 1842 prompting Thompson to set aside an acre of land for a cemetery. This cemetery was originally known as the "Thompson Burying Grounds". Other early settlers to the Ostend area included Sherman, Abbot, Francisco, Bassett and McCollum.
10. Christopher Walkup House, 2809 Country Club Road Woodstock/Dorr Township, (1869) – This house was built on land purchased by Christopher Walkup in 1835. It was actually built by his son, William in 1869 the same year that Christopher died, so it is also commonly referred to as the William Walkup house. The square Italianate styled-house was pictured in the 1872 Plat Book of McHenry County and has been restored to much of its original appearance.
11. Miller Chapel, Ringwood & Johnsborg Roads Johnsborg/McHenry Township, (1878) – The Miller family chapel stands today as a testament to the strengths of the early settlers. In 1863, Peter Miller died leaving his wife, Mary, to raise their six children. One summer, while cutting weeds with a scythe with her oldest children, she knelt down and asked the help of the Blessed Mother to raise her children. As thanks for keeping her family together, she promised to build a chapel. Later in life after her children were grown, this tiny Catholic chapel was built by her son John on the Miller farm to fulfill her promise. The Miller family still has mass there once a year and enjoys a family reunion which has grown to over 100people. The chapel stands as it was originally built with no electricity or running water.
12. Mount Auburn, Cemetery East Brink Street Harvard/Dunham Township, (1867) – This cemetery is a tribute to the founding fathers of Harvard. The graves from the original Harvard cemetery were moved here after this cemetery was established. The landscape of this tranquil cemetery with its magnificent gardens, shrubs and trees have become home to over 100 species of birds. Central within the cemetery is a stone chapel built in 1936 with rocks contributed by the residents of Harvard.
13. Rudolphus Hutchinson House, Route 14 & Hebron Roads Harvard/Chemung Township, (1838) – This home was started in 1838 with construction completion in 1840. Hutchinson came from Vermont with his new bride after his first wife died. Here they had two sons. Hutchinson was the Justice-of-the-Peace and this house also served as the courthouse, jail and stage stop. Chief Big Foot of the Potawatomi

Indians, who formerly lived on the surrounding prairie, came back several times as a houseguest of Hutchinson. This house is made out of brick in the Gothic Revival style with its steep-pitched roofs and decorative finials at the peak of each gable. It is also referred to as the house of Seven Gables since each finial represents each of the seven zodiac signs.

14. Coral Township Witness Tree, South Coral Road Marengo/Coral Township, (1837) – This 200 year-old tree stand as witness to the development of McHenry County. In 1837, John Thompson and his survey crew scribed or marked this tree as a quarter section post in the original survey so that land could then be legally described and therefore bought and sold. This burr oak tree is specifically referred to in their 1837 field notes. Few witness trees have survived, but this tree and the surrounding area (50-foot circle) are now ordinance protected for the future.
15. Huntley’s Woodstock & North Streets, Village of Huntley Huntley/Grafton Township, (1915) – Woodstock & North Streets in Huntley are of historic value to the county as one of the few remaining examples brick streets that contains the original paving bricks in McHenry County. Woodstock Street was the main thoroughfare through Huntley. Since there is a hill in the street, the bricks were necessary to be able to climb the hill by the farmers bringing their milk into town for processing. This street is lined with mature trees and older turn-of-the-century homes.
16. Allendale Steel Truss Bridge (#3064), Allendale Road, Greenwood/Greenwood Township, (1939) – LOST – The Allendale Steel Truss Bridge was a replacement bridge in 1939, being the third bridge on this site. In 1938 the second one along with 12 others in McHenry County collapsed due to severe flooding. The first bridge was built in 1846 and was of wooden construction. The second bridge was built in 1915 and was constructed of steel and concrete. This third and final bridge has stood for over 60 years and has also met today's needs. Its construction type is a "single span Warren steel pony truss bridge" and was constructed for a cost just over \$10,000. The Allendale steel truss bridge is now one of the few remaining steel truss bridges left in McHenry County still located on its original site. { Allendale road was closed 24 April 2009, and the bridge was removed by the McHenry Division of Transportation, due to structural deficiencies. No one was willing to accept the bridge for some other location, and the Commission determined that the new bridge lost its historical significance. }
17. Carr-Harrison Cemetery, Barnard Mill Road Ringwood/McHenry Township, (1850) – This is a double family cemetery that became one over the passing of time as the two families were eventually joined by matrimony in 1860. Joseph Carr purchased his land including the western half of this cemetery in 1837. John Harrison purchased his land including the western half of the cemetery in 1842. Although there are several early burials, the deeds for this cemetery were not recorded until 1891 and 1899. This family cemetery is still in use 160 years later.
18. Stowell-Deicke Farmstead, 12201 Main Street, Huntley/Grafton Township, (c1840s) – Hamilton Stowell was among the pioneering settlers of what was destined to become part of Grafton Township and later, the Village of Huntley. He came from Massachusetts, entering a 160-acre tract of land in 1839 and having acquired it in actual fact from the federal government through land grant provisions in 1841. He farmed here for a few years before moving on to California, when he sold the property to Guy C. Comins (Cummings) on 23 January 1846. Before he died in 1862, he sold the property to his son, John S. Cummings in 1859. John Cummings had been a Huntley postmaster for nine years and was also the first village president. The estate of his father, however, became tied up in probate court, and Guy’s

several heirs, including John, sold the land where the farmstead was situated to Robert R. Vanhorn in 1866. By 1868 the property had been sold to John Shrouder.

Edwin Deicke from DuPage County purchased the farm in 1940. The Diecke family was instrumental in the formation of the Huntley Park District, having donated many acres of land, the largest of which became Deicke Park. Mr. Deicke served on the original Board of Commissioners.

The notable features of the farmstead include a Yankee style fore-bay barn, which is estimated to have been erected in the late 1830s, and it is one of the oldest structures found in McHenry County. This core barn is constructed of white oak in English swing beam truss construction, which is rare in the upper Midwest. A basement and addition, constructed of virgin Wisconsin white pine circa 1880. This reflected the emerging importance of the local dairy industry.

The house is almost as old as the barn and dates to the 1840s. The house is of post-and-beam construction, completed with angle braces, mortised, tenoned, and wood pegged. Other unique historic structures on the property include a silo, a smokehouse, a slant-roof chicken coop and a corn crib. The site also retracts historic plant varieties, a rock boulder walkway, and a stone-lined well..

19. Trout Valley Stonegate Entrance, Cary-Algonquin, Road Cary/Algonquin Township, (c1920s) – The gate at the Stonegate Road entrance to Trout Valley, on the east side of Cary-Algonquin Road, has a very fascinating and colorful past. The gate was constructed by John D. Hertz during the 1920s. He had founded the Yellow Cab Company as well as the Hertz rental car company. Levi A. Smith had originally purchased it and the surrounding land in 1845 under Land Grant provisions. His farm and the land of others were purchased by Mr. Hertz during the 1920s.

The combined properties became the Leona Farms estate, being named for his eldest daughter. Mr. Hertz lived on the estate with his wife Fannie. The Hertz's stabled show horses, polo ponies, and Kentucky Derby winners. All sorts of prominent social functions were held on the estate, attended by politicians, business tycoons, well-known movie stars and other public figures.

In the 1940s the estate was sold to the Curtiss candy company and was utilized by company president Otto Schnering for a bovine breeding service as well as raising other farm animals and trout. After Schnering's death the property was sold to developers. About 600 acres became Trout Valley, which was later incorporated as a village in 1996. About 300 acres was annexed into the Village of Cary. The Hertz office complex was donated to the village in 1974 and became the Village Hall complex. Many of the original Hertz-era structures and grounds remain in Trout Valley today.

20. Chunn's Burying Ground, Algonquin Road, Algonquin/Algonquin Township, (1809) – Joshua M. Stevens obtained this land as part of a larger tract on the 30th of September 1840 by government patent. His partner, Thomas.R. Chunn acquired the property in 1843. But a day after Christmas in 1843, Mr. Chunn died and was buried here. Mr. Stevens soon followed in 1844. The cemetery came back into Chunn ownership in 1860 when Charles Chunn bought it for \$25, and thence it became known as Chunn's Burying Ground. Civil War veteran John Houghtaling later purchased the property, and his family donated one acre to be known as the Oak Glen School and Cemetery. The name is attributed to nearby grist mill of that name. Mr. Houghtaling was originally buried here after he died in 1863; however all the family's remains were later removed to Algonquin Cemetery. Other Civil War veterans

known to be buried here were John G. Kelly of Company F, 15th Illinois Infantry, and one William G. Kelly. The last burial was said to be in 1910, and the site thereafter fell into disrepair. By 1989 civic-minded volunteers cleared and restored the grounds. The remaining scattered grave stones were relocated to the center of the site, and a rededication ceremony was held on Memorial Day of 1989.

21. Barber Cemetery, Hartman Road, Marengo/Riley Township, (c1852) – Humphrey Barber came with his family to McHenry County from Java Village, New York in 1851. He settled on this land where the first burial was interred in 1852. In addition to several Barber family members, two veterans are also buried in this cemetery: Edmund Porter, who fought in the War of 1812; and Lucius Barber, a Civil War Veteran. Lucius Barber was imprisoned in Andersonville prison in Georgia, where he died of consumption in 1872 due to the harsh conditions of imprisonment. Lucius Barber's war memoirs have been published by Time-Life. After many decades, the cemetery had fallen into a state of neglect. Local resident volunteers and family members assumed the responsibility to restore it, and they continue to maintain the Barber Burying Ground today.
22. Trout Valley Pool, River Road, Trout Valley/Algonquin Township, (1923) – See Number 19 above for the History of the property in general. The pool was constructed in a Roman Style in the side of a hill with the exposed end encased, as well as containing original stone steps and most other features. The pool is currently used today in its near-original form by residents of Trout Valley.
23. Harmony Road School, 6903 Harmony Road, Marengo/Coral Township, (1931) – The property has been home to a school building since 1859 and the building there today was one of the last one-room schools built in the area during the depression. It was designed by architect Ralph Abell, who, along with his father William Abell, have many historic buildings to their credit as a father and son architect team. The building was constructed with state of the art design elements. The original chalkboard and interior features remain.
24. Haligus School (Old District 81), 7511 Haligus Road, Huntley/Grafton Township, is the only one-room school house still standing in Grafton Township. Built in 1861, it replaced an earlier "log" school. Located about four miles northeast of the village of Huntley, the school remained in continuous operation until consolidation with Crystal Lake district in 1946. The old school then remained vacant until 1951 when it was purchased at public auction by Mr. and Mrs. John Schaffenegger for \$3, 425. Over the years the school was converted into a 2- level, 3-bedroom residence. The school was ultimately sold to the current owners in 2009, who have continuously worked to restore the school since then.
25. Powers-Walker Historic Site, 6201 Harts Road, Ringwood/Richmond Township, (circa 1854) – This pre-Civil War era farmstead currently consists of a farmhouse and a barn. Though the Elon and Mary Powers family moved to this spot in circa 1843 presumably starting in a log cabin, the Greek-revival styled house was their first frame house built circa 1854. The three-bay threshing barn is also of the pre-Civil War era and period to the house. The Powers raised their family here and afterwards the farm was eventually sold to Samuel Walker, who owned the neighboring property and was one of McHenry County's original settlers. This farmstead is restored as an example of an early settler farm and is currently used for historical educational programs by its owners, the McHenry County Conservation District.

26. Coventry Farm was once crossed by Indian trails and roamed by deer and wolves. Initially, two 40-acre homestead parcels were deeded to Franklin Smith in the 1840s. William Coventry, the former captain of a whaling ship, arrived from New York in 1844, and he had the first parts of today's house and barn built in 1855. William Coventry left for Minnesota circa 1871. David Coventry and Ida May (Smith) were married in 1871 and lived in the house with Ida May's parents. Around this time the house and barn were expanded. The couple inherited half her parents' estate by 1901. Soon thereafter, they purchased Horace Smith's share and the property became known as the David Coventry Farm.

(Part III of List continues on next page)

<u>Property Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Township</u>	<u>Year Built</u>	<u>Year Plaqued</u>
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McHENRY COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY - - - Landmark Sites with Descriptions (Long List)

1. Fred Hatch Upright Silo 801 Main Street Spring Grove Burton 1873 1980
The first tower silo in America was erected by Fred L Hatch and his father, Lewis, in 1873 in Burton Township. It was built inside the barn. Original rock and mortar, now crumbled, is all that remains. Plaque removed.
2. Richmond Mill Site 5604 Mill Street Richmond Richmond 1844 1980
The mill, built in 1844, by Cotting and Purdy was 35' x 40', 2 1/2 stories high. It was destroyed by fire in 1925. The plaque is on the site. It was an example of early water-powered, grain and flour mill. It was one of the earliest in area. It is presently a restaurant.
3. Congregational Church of Algonquin 109 Washington Street Algonquin Algonquin 1868 1980
A prime example of Midwest small church architecture. The congregation was formed in 1850 with the church being dedicated in 1868. It was remodeled in 1913, 1959, 1960 and 1975. It has been in constant usage ever since. Stained glass windows and shingle siding are noteworthy.
4. Gannon Log Cabin 6422 Main Street Union Coral 1847 1981
It is the last free-standing log cabin in the county. This 18' by 20' cabin was built in 1847 by Luke Gannon for a large family. Evidence exists that there was a loft for children and a stovepipe exiting out of the roof.
5. Cold Springs School House 9313 Bull Valley Road Woodstock Dorr 1870 1981
A typical one-room school house where ail 8 grades were taught by the teacher who saw to heating the school as well as teaching. Education was important to early settlers. Boys often went to school only in winter so as to help on farm. A cold spring crossed north of the property giving it its name.
6. Greenwood School 4617 Greenwood Road Woodstock Greenwood 1859 1982
Pre-Civil War 2-story Federal brick school house. One through 8 grades were on first floor and High School on second floor. It was used continuously for 89 years, until 1948. All original except front doors.
7. Riley Township Hall 2913 Riley Road Riley Riley 1868 1982
Oldest town hall plaqued by MCHS and was the first town hall in the county. It was opened only for town meetings and funerals. Pump and well were added in 1871. By 1878, the town hall was used for church services until church built in 1898, and is still in use.
8. John A. Kennedy House 17817 Route 14 Woodstock Hartland 1853 1982

	<u>Property Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Township</u>	<u>Year Built</u>	<u>Year Plaqued</u>
	Greek Revival brick house of pre-Civil War style. Built 1853 along a stage coach trail (present Route 14). It was said to be used as an inn for women travelers. Kennedy's large family also lived in this gable front and wing house with pediment gable window.					
9.	First Congregational Church of Huntley	9 North Church Street	Huntley	Grafton	1863	1982
	One of the oldest sanctuaries in continuous use in McHenry County. Built during the Civil War at cost of \$620 on land donated by Thomas Stilwell of Huntley.					
10.	Muller Chapel	Wilmot & Ringwood Roads	Johnsburg	McHenry	1878	1982
	Widowed Mary Nett Miller built the chapel in 1878 in fulfillment of a promise to the Blessed Mother if she could raise her family "in the fear and love of God". Family services and weddings were held here. (This was built on their farm.)					
11.	Alden Methodist Church	16503 Route 173	Alden	Alden	1863	1983
	Early Methodists of Alden constructed this church at a cost of \$2,000, \$500 of which was raised by a railroad excursion to Rockford to the camp of the 95th Illinois Civil War volunteers. Despite necessary additions, the church architecture remains the same.					
12.	Rodolphus Hutchinson Farm	10308 Route 14	Harvard	Chemung	1840	1983
	One of the oldest and largest examples of "carpenter Gothic" or "Gothic Revival" in the county. It is constructed of brick with many gables. Each spire or finial at top of each gable is different and of a different meaning. Often served as a territorial court house and a supposed stop on the underground railroad.					
13.	Deep Cut School House	3425 Deep Cut Road	Woodstock	Hartland	1874	1983
	When townships were laid out, Section 16 in each Twp. was saved for the location of a school (640 acres a section). Deep Cut school was used until 1946. It was named after its location in an area where the Northwestern Railroad cut through a hill.					
14.	Prescott-Whittemore House	13520 Marengo Road	Huntley	Grafton	1841	1983
	Whittemore came to settle in 1838, and in 1841 built this stone home. It was used as a hotel for the first 10 years. Whittemore became a wealthy farmer of the area and named Grafton Township after Grafton, New Hampshire.					
15.	Chemung Methodist Church	Route 173	Chemung	Chemung	1873	1983
	Fine example of small church architecture. Although built in 1873, the congregation held services from 1844 in a local log cabin. Stories are told of a beautiful 8-lamp kerosene chandelier and a ladies' aid ice cream social that netted \$8.00.					
16.	Robert Richardson House	9407 Richardson Road	Spring Grove	Burton	1863	1983
	Brick Greek Revival style house with twin circular chimneys and 10 main rooms with original faux-grained woodwork. The house is original except for modern kitchen in 1959. Robert Richardson, a brick mason, came to site in 1846. The Richardson family still occupies the house.					
17.	Simon Wheeler House	2110 South Country Club Rd	Woodstock	Dorr	1867	1984

	<u>Property Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Township</u>	<u>Year Built</u>	<u>Year Plaques</u>
	This is a unique all stone house with a low-pitched hip roof and half circle portico.					
18.	Charles Cotting's #90	Mill & Main Streets	Richmond	Richmond	1844	1984
	When Cotting and his wife came to Richmond, which he helped lay out and plat, there were but 2 log cabins in place. This building with stone foundation was across from his mill and probably was a storeroom at one time. This house is thought to be the oldest frame house in Richmond.					
19.	William C Rider Cabin	1114 South Fleming Road	Woodstock	Dorr	1845	1984
	Original cabin dates from 1838-1846. William Rider came from Virginia and through the U.S. Government Land Office purchased the land for \$50. Subsequently it was remodeled into a sided Cape Cod house. In 1981, the Toblers discovered the cabin and removed the siding and additions. Craig and Rachel Hallenstein bought cabin and began restoration, adding many interesting and artistic touches, yet keeping the cabin as an integral part of the home.					
20.	Charles Cotting House	East Mill Street	Richmond	Richmond	1865	1984
	Excellent example of a well-to-do merchant's frame home in the Italianate style with an ornate trim including a square cupola. Built in 1865 and was occupied by Cotting until he died in 1883 and in continue family ownership for over 100 years.					
21.	St. John's Church Site	2303 West Church	Johnsburg	McHenry	1842	1984
	The site of where this present third church (of Gothic architecture) was of importance to the first exclusively German Catholic Community of Johnsburg who recreated their German roots here. The first structure was a log cabin (1842), and subsequently 2 more structures were built on the same site.					
22.	L.B. Peatt House	3920 Greenwood Road	Woodstock	Greenwood	1862	1984
	The land for this large upright and wing farmhouse purchased by Lewis Peatt in 1844, from which he went west to the gold fields. Returning he married Margaret Whiston and fathered 7 children. Family members stayed on the farm and one eventually became a barn-storming pilot in the 1920's.					
23.	Barnard's Mill	7514 Barnard Mill Road	Wonder Lake	Richmond	1866	1985
	Presently the Old Mill Inn. Built in 1866 by a carpenter named Northrup who used local white pine from the area which was cut and hewn on the spot Power came from the Nippersink Creek. Barnard bought the mill in 1884, working it until 1918. Later his son and daughter-in-law started a boarding house to feed the Wonder Lake "dam" workers. After that it was sold in 1945 and continues to serve the public.					
24.	Willard Bloodgood House	642 East Washington	Marengo	Marengo	1871	1985
	A well preserved four-square home with a pyramid hipped roof and wrap-around porch. It was the home of Willard and Nancy Bloodgood. He owned a bootery in Marengo and became assistant general auditor of the North Western Railroad.					
25.	A.B. & Arvilla Coon House	320 South State Street	Marengo	Marengo	1872	1986
	A beautiful Italianate style home (decorated in the period by the present owners) was home to lawyer, A.B. Coon, and his young, active evangelist wife. A. B. Coon surveyed and platted the town of Marengo and was a lawyer active in state affairs. Dentil moldings are under the eaves. Tall narrow windows and a balconied front porch with decorative columns are characteristic of this style.					

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	<u>Property Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Township</u>	<u>Year Built</u>	<u>Year Plaqued</u>
26.	First United Meth. Church of McHenry (Site and facade) Meeting since 1844, the Methodist congregation built this church in 1859 on land deeded to them by George and Martha Gage. It was built by the men of the church. The roof is also the ceiling in that there is not an additional interior ceiling. It originally had a wood-burning stove for heat and used candles for light. Plain glass windows were later replaced with stained glass windows. In 1886, a belfry was added and the same bell still rings for services today.	3717 West Main Street	McHenry	McHenry	1859	1986
27.	Seth Lewis House Charming Victorian Gothic Revival house built for Seth Lewis, a Marengo banker who supposedly never lived in it because his wife died. It was later sold to Knowlton Bartholomew, who gave it to his daughter, Bessie Crissey. It was remodeled in 1914. Elaborate vergeboards and finials decorate the gables and dormers. A quatrefoil window is in the peak of the gable with gothic windows throughout.	553 East Grant	Marengo	Marengo	1872	1986
28.	Cary Cemetery This is the final resting place of William D. Carey, according to <u>Carv Me Back</u> by Betty Freeman. Carey was the town's founder, who purchased the property that the cemetery occupies from the U.S. Government in 1843 and 1845. Many early burials date back to the late 1830's and early 1840's. Plaque is on a rock.	1st & Pearl Streets	Cary	Algonquin	1843	1986
29.	Sarah Gibbs House This unique home is one of few examples of Second Empire architecture in the area with its mansard roof. It has 7 gables which is an innovative variation of this style. Widow Sarah Gibbs had the house built at the age of 71. Her husband, Herman, was a decedent of a Revolutionary War general and was the town's inn-keeper. The stained glass windows across the street in the church were dedicated to Sarah by her granddaughter.	10313 West Street	Richmond	Richmond	1886	1986
30.	Samuel R. Morris House Greek Revival home with frieze windows under the roof and return cornices as typical of this architectural style. Morris arrived in 1837 with his family. This house has been kept in excellent repair and has log beams for support (Post and Beam construction).	17907 Harmony Road	Harmony	Coral	1854	1987
31.	Seneca Town Hall This town hall is 100% original and typical of austere Midwestern township hall. It was completed in 1885 at a cost of \$620. It was renamed Perkins Town Hall by Seneca Township in honor of longtime road commissioner, Donald Perkins	Franklinville & Garden Valley Rds.	Franklinville	Seneca	1885	1987
32.	Franklinville Methodist Episcopal Church Oldest surviving church building in the county. It was built in the then-popular Greek Revival style and is well preserved excepting the missing steeple. Presently it is used as a residence. In 1995, the door was altered and a side-light added. It was destroyed by fire on March 21, 2005.	3708 Franklinville Road	Woodstock	Seneca	1849	1987
33.	Greenwood Town Hall	4314 Greenwood Road	Woodstock	Greenwood	1887	1987

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	Simple adequate building that served all requirements of a village town hall that was built at a cost of \$443.54. It is still used as a part of the political process at election times as a polling place.					
34.	William D. Hall House	201 Garfield Street	Harvard	Chemung	1902	1988
	Home built in the Prairie style by architect, Myron Hunt, who was an associate of Frank Lloyd Wright. This is a very large, formal house with beautiful interior woodwork and built-ins typical of this style. Stucco was used for the upper story and huge boulders from local farms were used on the lower level.					
35.	Riley Methodist Church	Riley Road	Riley	Riley	1898	1989
	A good example of turn-of-the-century church architecture, but unusual in its layout of angular seating. This church played an important part in the community for special events (i.e. graduations, meetings, etc.) because of its seating capacity. It is sided and has simple stained glass windows. Now owned by MCHS.					
36.	William Coventry House	7704 North Route 14	Harvard	Chemung	1855	1989
	This house is predominately Greek Revival with evidence of Italianate brackets under the entablature (possibly added later). William Coventry was a prominent farmer who saw the changing of farming into a marketing process as Harvard grew rapidly due to the railroad centering there. In 1994, Motorola bought the farmland including the house.					
37.	Ridgefield Presbyterian Church	8505 Church Street	Ridgefield	Dorr	1874	1989
	This church stands at the end of a broad street. The church's beautiful architectural design makes a commanding appearance. Originally, there were two similar towers – one at each side of the front facade. One remains, but the other is missing due to wind damage. The sanctuary is excellent in its simplicity. Many prominent people of the area worshiped in this church.					
38.	Francis Patrick House	321 East Washington Street	Marengo	Marengo	1886	1989
	A jewel of Victorian architecture built by Frank Patrick, who upon coming to Marengo, became a very successful entrepreneur and businessman. The 16-room house is notable for the beautiful oriel window, gable ornamentation, spindle work and grain painting on the interior to look like various woods. Tom Reed, local teacher, has been restoring this home since 1979.					
39.	Frank Heath House	162 Rosedale	Crystal Lake	Algonquin	1928	1990
	Ordered from Sears, this Willard Model, "Honor Built", home is a wonderful example of a mail-order home of the time and was built by the "orderer". All parts were delivered on-site including fireplace, hardware, fixtures and blue prints which the present owner, the Stefaniks still have. All parts are still original.					
40.	Charles R. Andrews House	19419 Route 173	Alden	Alden	1870	1990
	Built by a lumberman in the days when Alden was a busy and thriving community with a railroad station, this is a noteworthy example of an old in-town home with Greek Revival characteristics. These can be seen in the corner pilasters and porch columns. It is still in its prime condition with original and nicely done woodwork, window and door framing in its interior. It was sold to C.R. Andrews, a Civil War veteran, who lived out his life in this house.					
41.	Columbus Wallace House	36 North Virginia Street	Crystal Lake	Algonquin	1855	1991
	The oldest Greek Revival cobblestone house in Crystal Lake was constructed for C. Wallace and his family by stone mason, Andrew Jackson Simon, of smooth rounded, wave-washed Lake Michigan stones brought					

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	<p>by wagon to the site. Notable is the fact that there were no fireplaces, but an iron stove was instead. Hannah Beardsley Wallace was the bride in the first marriage solemnized in the township in 1839. She was also the first teacher in Crystal Lake in the original log schoolhouse. The present owners, Roseanne and Don Wolf, Wolf Real Estate, promises future repairs and restoration.</p>					
42.	William Gardner House	4219 West Solon Road	Solon Mills	Richmond	1850	1992
	<p>In 1850, this substantial cream brick house was built by William Gardner on his 160 acre farm. The brick was made nearby. William came from Scotland by way of Montreal and Quebec to Solon Mills with his bride. A carpenter and cabinet maker, William handcrafted all of the woodwork which remains today. The house was built in two sections – a square portion with 9' high ceilings and a rectangular portion with T ceilings. A widow's walk graced the roof at one time. The present William Gardner was born in this house and his son farms next door with 3 grandsons making up the sixth generation on this farm.</p>					
43.	Huntley Gazebo (plaque rescinded)	Huntley Town Square	Huntley	Grafton	1900	1992
	<p>Gazebo razed November 22, 1993 Plaque rescinded January 23, 1994</p>					
44.	Algonquin Village Hall	2 South Main Street	Algonquin	Algonquin	1907	1993
	<p>An excellent example of Midwestern Prairie architecture in the style of Frank Lloyd Wright. This is evidenced in simplicity of structure, hipped roof, "leaded" type windows, stone inset decoration above and below windows and doors. It has been in continuous use by the municipality for civic administration. It was built in 1907 on the site that was dedicated to the Village for municipal use in 1846.</p>					
45.	Daniel Quinlan House	311 West Judd Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1912	1993
	<p>This is an example of Prairie style architecture built by Quinlan who opened the first real estate office in McHenry County. All of the original woodwork and stained glass were restored by the Billimacks, the 1993 owners when it was plaqued.</p>					
46.	Oak Glen School	1005 Algonquin Road	Fox River Grove	Algonquin	1846	1994
	<p>This is a typical one-room school house. All the original framing was done with 2x6 timber cut upstream on the Fox River and floated down to this site. This school had the largest enrollment in McHenry County from 1913-15.</p>					
47.	Levi Seebert House	312 West Main Street	Car	Algonquin	1847	1994
	<p>This is a Gothic Revival house that was totally remodeled to the Craftsman Bungalow style in the 1920's. This cedar shake house has been in the Krenz family since 1915 except for an eleven year period. The Seebert's were one of the early settler families of Cary.</p>					
48.	James Harvey Philp House	314 Washington	Algonquin	Algonquin	1886	1994
	<p>This is a Folk Victorian gable and side wing house with a historically sensitive addition put on in 1982 including a wrap-around back porch. James Philp, an early settler and blacksmith, built this house for his son, James Harvey, as a wedding present. This Folk Victorian house has several bay windows with contrasting paint highlighting the Italianate brackets, pilasters and lintels.</p>					
49.	Frank & Louisa Newman House	20605 Brink Street	Harvard	Chemung	1873	1995

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<p>Frank Newman was also one of the masons on this brick Italianate house. Bricks inscribed with the Newman's children's names, as well as the other mason, W. Hammon, are clearly visible. The terra cotta bricks were thought to be made on site, which was known as the Old Harvard Brickyard. Newman and Hammon were Civil War veterans served in the same unit. This brick farmhouse was built in a less common front gabled Italianate style. Distinguishing features are the gentle segmented arches over the tall, narrow windows and the simply detailed bay windows.</p>					
50.	The Community Church of Richmond	5714 Broadway	Richmond	Richmond	1902 1995
<p>This turn-of-the-century church is the only original church in Richmond still standing. Beautiful stained glass memorial windows highlight the first settlers and important people of the Village. The church has a long and rich history of serving the community. It has been a site for scouting groups as well as a state-approved child-care center. This eclectic frame church has many Queen Anne elements. The most distinctive architectural feature is the recessed Gothic arch gables with flared eaves and brackets. Other features are its multi-level roof, asymmetrical layout and the square bell tower placed asymmetrically on the front facade.</p>					
51.	William & Dagmar Wascher House	404 West Main Street	Cary	Algonquin	1925 1995
<p>This simple brick Tudor Revival home is rich in details. Two stained glass windows flank the massive chimney. Delicate wrought iron work accentuates the width and breadth of the chimney by contrast. The arched woodburning fireplace accentuates mimics the arched doorways. There are the original oak floors throughout the house. The perfectly proportioned garage is a smaller version of the house. This is the first Tudor Revival house plaqued by the Historical Society.</p>					
52.	Holcombville School	6310 Crystal Springs Road	Crystal Lake	Nunda	1858 1995
<p>This Greek Revival one-room schoolhouse is unusual in that it is built in decorative German style brickwork. Normally, these schoolhouses were simple frame structures. Holcombville School is believed to be the only one-room schoolhouse in McHenry County that has not been converted to residential or commercial use.</p>					
53.	Arthur & Augusta Mickelson House	40 Pomeroy Avenue	Crystal Lake	Algonquin	1913 1996
<p>This is a two-story bungalow with a full-width columned front porch. It was built as "Modern House No. 124" in the Sears and Roebuck Home Catalogue. Decorative stone work can be seen in the foundation, fireplace & chimney of this classic frame bungalow. Another upgrade feature was the maple and ash parquet floor in the living room. The spacious foyer and restored staircase makes this a welcoming home.</p>					
54.	Christopher Walkup House & Site	2809 Country Club Road	Woodstock	Dorr House	circa 1869 1996
<p>This site is rich in its heritage. It dates back to when it was part of the original "Virginia Settlement" in 1836. Christopher Walkup was the first postmaster of the Elysium post office in his home. The Crystal Lake-Ridgefield Presbyterian Church was established on this site. In addition, this was a stagecoach stop on the Lake Geneva run, as well as a Temperance Inn. Architecturally, the 22-room Walkup House is an excellent example of Italianate style architecture. It has the typical low hipped roof with decorative brackets, tall narrow windows with hooded crowns, and an impressive double front door.</p>					
55.	Frank Tomisky House	22 High Road	Cary	Algonquin	1893 1996
<p>This frame Queen Anne has won a Chicago area "Painted Lady" contest and an award for its interior as well as a preservation award. The Tomisky's built their home next to their general store when High Street was</p>					

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	West Street. At one time, the home was converted into a boarding house for gravel pit workers. The Pradelski's restored the house and converted it into "Cheryl's Victorian Closet", a women's clothing boutique and consulting business. Significant Queen Anne details include the use of patterned shingles to embellish surface texture, a beltline dividing the two stories along with decorative porches.					
56.	Pistakee Yacht Club	3300 North Rocky Beach Lane	McHenry	McHenry	1900	1997
	The Pistakee Yacht club has a Victorian style pavilion clubhouse with a distinctive Iramoya or Japanese Tea House-style roof. At one time, the clubhouse was used to house the sailboats until the boat house, along with its own railroad was built in 1910. The railroad no longer exists. Henry Hertz, Illinois State Treasurer along with 7 other gentlemen organized the yacht club and the club was built on land belonging to Hertz's wife, Mary. Membership rolls included such notables as meat packer Oscar Meyer, Chicago Mayor Fred Busse, Congressman and later Senator William Lorimer and numerous other Cook County officials.					
57.	Bauman Barn & Site	7908 South Union Road	Union	Coral	1910	1997
	The Bauman Barn was constructed in 1910 on property owned by Herman Bauman since 1895. Four generations of Baumans have worked this dairy farm. The intact original barn frame was shipped by rail from the East Coast, ready to assemble on site, with total construction of the barn costing approximately \$3,000. The frame is entirely of mortise and tenon, using no nails or bolts. It is a typical gambrel silhouette with board and batten siding, the most predominant barn style in McHenry County.					
58.	Enos Conley House	10706 Woodstock Street	Huntley	Grafton	1905	1998
	This Queen Anne Victorian house has been in the Conley family since it was originally built. The wraparound front porch with Tuscan columns and turned balusters, a hallmark of Queen Annes, has been restored. Other significant features include a curved front window, beveled glass windows and working pocket doors with beveled glass. Enos Conley built most of the bridges in Grafton Township, working out of his home.					
59.	Andrew McAnsh House & Site	Bay View Lane	McHenry	McHenry	c. 1890	1998
	What was once a summer house on Pistakee Bay has been fully restored to its glory when the servant's quarters, coach house, fountains, gold fish ponds and chapel were in full use. The house is in the Neo-classical style. Multi-paned transom lights and pilasters surround the French doors that look out on Pistakee Bay. Ten Ionic columns line the full porch that wraps around the back of the house. Stucco and wood shingle siding clad the dormers of the clapboard sided house. All of the interior woodwork has been carefully and painstakingly restored. Movie stars as well as mobsters were reportedly guests at this home. This is the first Neo-classical house the Society has plaqued.					
60.	Charles Kruse House	5509 Kenosha Street	Richmond	Richmond	1916	1998
	Fine craftsmanship is evident in this brick Prairie style house which sits high on the hill overlooking the main street. Quoins adorn the corners of the house while limestone square blocks highlight the beveled glass windows. The restored roof retains the look of the original roof tiles and copper gutters while preserving the original wooden beadboard on the wide eaves. The interior boasts fine oak plank flooring, pocket doors and woodwork. A built-in buffet with stained glass and a "hob-nob" built-in surrounds the fireplace hiding the radiators and log holders. An early innovative feature is the central vacuum system.					

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	Charles Kruse was a prominent businessman who owned the hardware store and built what is now known as the 1905 Emporium. He was also the Richmond Bank president and was responsible for stimulating the economy form 1932-33 during the Depression.					
61.	William B. Woodbeck Barn	1112 South Fleming Road	Woodstock	Dorr	c.1890	1998
	This gable roofed, English bank barn was converted into a residence in 1980. William H. Woodbeck, a Civil War veteran farmed the 60 acres with his wife, Matilda and four children. The main timbers are old growth, virgin white pine in this post-and-beam constructed barn. The craftsmanship is of the highest caliber.					
	Although, today it is a home, the ambience of the barn Is still strongly felt from the interior as well as the exterior. An openness permeates the home with its vaulted ceilings and flowing circulation. Evidence of the milking parlor can still be seen on the lower level, the hay track in the peak and the brick foundation of the silo defines the herb garden.					
62.	Mount Auburn Cemetery	East Brink Street	Harvard	Chemung	1867	1998
	This cemetery is a tribute to the founding fathers of Harvard and the successive generations of residents buried there. It rivals larger, well known cemeteries with its sheer beauty and tranquil grounds. Simple stones to the elaborate monuments and mausoleums can be found. The residents of Harvard participated in building the chapel by bringing large and small stones for the building in 1936. They have created a landscape of magnificent gardens, shrubs and trees that has become home to nearly 100 species of birds.					
63.	First Presbyterian Church of Marengo	203 West Washington Street	Marengo	Marengo	1898	1999
	Originally, the church was built in 1853. However, it was rebuilt in 1898 to accommodate the growing congregation. Rather than completely demolishing the old church and constructing a new building, stones form the original foundation were saved and all of the "fit stones" from the old church were put into the foundation of the new one.					
	The architects, Tumbull and Jones of Elgin borrowed elements from various Romantic styles when they designed this church. Foremost is the Moorish style square bell tower. The graduated arched door surround has a Richardson style influence and these arches are repeated throughout the church. Gothic Revival elements can be seen in the parapeted walls and decorative patterns of contrasting brickwork. The octagonal sanctuary has coffered oak paneling with egg and dart molding.					
64.	West Main Street School	441 West Main Street	Cary	Algonquin	1888	1999
	For 61 years, this brick 2-storey, 4-classroom school served the elementary school children of Cary. In 1950, the Curtiss Candy Company purchased West Main Street School and it continued to be used as a school. It became Curtiss College where young men from all over the United States came to learn about artificial insemination of cattle. In 1958, the Village of Cary purchased the school. It was used by the Cary-Grove Evangelical Free Church from 1959 to 1961. In 1962, the Village Hall and police department were housed in the school. In 1979 it became the Cary Senior Center.					
65.	Prentice Smith Barn & Site	167 Country Commons	Cary	Algonquin	c.1890	1999
	Once a dairy barn and then a horse barn, today, it stands as the Trout Valley Association's Center. On the exterior, this Dutch gambrel roofed barn retains the spirit of a barn. It still houses horses on the lower level					

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<p>while the main level has been converted into a recreational hall. The original beams and structure can still be seen in the loft as well as the Starline hay carrier. This barn is unusual in that the exterior was stuccoed in the 1920's when John Hertz, founder of the Yellow Cab Company owned the farm and he had all of his buildings stuccoed. In 1943, the farm was sold to Otto Schnering of the Curtiss Candy Company and it was once again used for cows.</p>					
66.	L.B. & Anna Covell House & Site	5805 Broadway	Richmond	Richmond	c. 1900 1999
<p>This house is an example of late Victorian Queen Anne architecture transitional to Colonial Revival. The site also includes the original coachhouse and privy/chicken coop/woodshed. LB., a prominent farmer as well as township supervisor and director of the school board built this house when he was in his 50's. Outstanding features include the 3 sided wraparound porch, the leaded glass, beveled windows, 5 two storey bay windows, 7 elaborately decorated gables and tower. A 5 pointed upside-down star, symbol for the Eastern Star, of which Anna was an active member, can be found in the granite foundation.</p>					
67.	The Hoy House	10802 N. Woodstock	Huntley	Grafton	1904 1999
<p>The predominant style of the Hoy House is Colonial Revival Foursquare with Prairie style influences. Colonial Revival elements include the hipped roof along with the Tuscan columns, balustrade, Palladian window and sunburst pediment. The wide eaves and beltcourse in the house are indicative of the Prairie style. William Hoy was Huntley's bank president.</p>					
68.	Christopher Sponable House	326-328 Rowland Ave.	Marengo	Marengo	C.1840 1999
<p>This unusual Greek Revival home had 3 entrances with Greek Revival door surrounds. On one gable end is a full pediment while a cornice return is on the other gable. The typical Greek Revival wide band frieze at the roof line and the pilasters on the corners decorate this simple clapboard home.</p>					
69.	Carr-Harrison Cemetery	Barnard Mill Road	Ringwood	McHenry	C.1840 2000
<p>This a double family cemetery which is still an active family cemetery. This nicely maintained cemetery contains graves of Civil War Veterans as well as those of the original farming families that created it.</p>					
70.	Welch-Haeger Cemetery	74 Meadow Hill Rd.	Barrington Hills	Algonquin	1842 2001
<p>This neighborhood burying grounds is adjacent to a country school house that has gone under a variety of names. The most prominent name is David Haeger, a farmer whose family went on to create Haeger Pottery. William Welch was the first owner of the property.</p>					
71.	Thomas Stillwell Huntley House	10904 S. Woodstock	Huntley	Grafton	1856 2001
<p>This Greek Revival transitional to Italianate house is an imposing house befitting of the founder of Huntley. A major renovation occurred in 1906 when an addition nearly doubled the size of the house. At that time the house was stuccoed and the Italianate brackets and double storied porches were lost.</p>					
72.	Martin Stafford House	600 N.Hart	Harvard	Chemung	1902 2002
<p>This turn of the century house has Queen Anne and Prairie style influences. Its most unique features are its pagoda roof, topped with a finial and three eyebrow windows. Martin Stafford has a history of designing and building in Harvard, notably the Frank F. Axtell home and the Hunt, Helm & Ferris factory. His houses can also be found in Lake Geneva, Woodstock and Chicago.</p>					

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73.	Barrett House	362 Melrose Lane	Lakewood	Algonquin	1927	2004
	This Spanish eclectic style house was designed as a one-third scale model of John Barrett's villa in Portugal with the interior laid out like a cross. Arched doorways, wrought iron fixtures and window grilles, a terra cotta chimney and Spanish tile roof are just some of its architectural elements. John. L. Barrett helped organize the Village of Lakewood in 1933, was trustee & Village President ad Vice President of International Harvester.					
74.	Kotrba House	2907 Regner Rd	Pistakee Bay	McHenry	1922	2005
	An elaborate summer home such as this was indicative of the era of the 1920's when the wealthy from Chicago would build in the Pistakee Bay area and create their own social life, complete with the Pistakee Bay Yacht Club. This Mediterranean style home has arched windows with rusticated stone surrounds and a terra cotta tiled roof. On the elevation facing the bay, the primary facade, there is an impressive castellated parapet above the arched entrance surrounded by stone tabs.					
75.	Roxburgh House	102 Maple St.	Crystal Lake	Algonquin	1927	2005
	This Sears catalog house, <i>the Hamilton</i> , is in the bungalow style. It has all of its original windows, doors, hardware and flooring along with the fireplace which has chamfered bow-tie brackets. The home has been continuously in the same family except for the original owners, the Roxburghs.					
76.	Abbott-Austin House & Site	382 S. Tryon	Woodstock	Dorr	1883	2006
	This is one of the few Steamboat-Gothic style homes in McHenry County. It is reminiscent of the interior of barges that served as theaters on the Mississippi River. Elaborate spindle-work friezes and brackets adorn the wraparound porch. Other decorative elements include brackets under the eaves to the hooded crowns over the windows. Barton Austin owned grocery store on the Square in Woodstock for 35 years and was a prominent businessman. His son, Barton Austin Jr., a successful landscape architect designed the grounds for the home as well as Chester Gould's, Resurrection Center, numerous North Shore homes and the Little Mountain National Park in British Columbia.					
77.	John J. & Barbara A. Smith House	235 W. Main St.	Cary	Algonquin	1904	2007
	When Mr. & Mrs. Smith retired from their dairy farm on the outskirts of Cary, they built this fine house. This cottage size Queen Anne style house with its romantic characteristics is an excellent expression of the Machine Age and Railroad Era of McHenry County. An interesting feature is the etched glass scene on the entry doors. During a period of the house's life, the second floor rooms were rented to railroad workers. The house remained in the Smith family until 1985.					
78.	Spring Grove Fish Hatchery	2314 Hatchery Road	Spring Grove	Burton	1914	2008
	The Spring Grove Fish Hatchery was the first fish hatchery in the state of Illinois. It was chosen because of its natural cold water springs which produced over 300 gallons of water a minute. At its height, the Spring Grove Fish Hatchery produced as many as 35,000,000 fingerlings. Now, there are three other hatcheries in Illinois. Today, the Fish Hatchery is being restored to a nature and interpretative center where visitors can learn about the history and workings of the hatchery, the natural environment and heritage of the area.					
79.	Edward H. Cook House	10813 N. Woodstock St.	Huntley	Grafton	1896	2009
	This elaborate Queen Anne home displays the social success of the Cook family. The wraparound front porch, steeply pitched roof and irregular shape along with its asymmetrical footprint are all hallmarks of the					

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<p>Queen Anne style. This lovely home has wonderful leaded glass windows, a large curved double hung window reflecting the curve of the porch and Palladian windows. The Cooks opted for a more classical look with the Tuscan columns and raised relief ornamentation on the exterior. However, they did bring spindlework into the interior. Mr. Cook was quite prominent in Huntley as well as the county. He was County Coroner for 17 years, postmaster, druggist, farm auctioneer and funeral director in Huntley. He was also Fire Chief, Clerk of Grafton Township and a village trustee plus a member of several organizations.</p>					
80.	Lizzie & Avery Nutt House	11701 Prairie St.	Hebron	Hebron	1907 2010
<p>This simple Queen Anne style home with its wrap-around porch, steeply pitched roof & asymmetrical footprint is celebrated in its pristine condition. The craftsmanship of this home is outstanding with even molding details carried on into the cabinets & closets. To step into this house is to step back in time with its original doorbell, gas spigots, wooden duct work and furnace plate.</p>					
81.	Dr. Franklin & Mrs. Rilla Alford House	1110 South Shore Dr.	Lakewood	Grafton	1957 2010
<p>This contemporary home defines the Mid-Century Modern style. It was designed by one of McHenry County's architects, John Vincent Anderson. With its open-plan and abundance of floor to ceiling glass windows beneath the cantilevered roof-line, this new International Style is evident. When Dr. Alford opened his private practice in Crystal Lake in 1926, there were only two other physicians in Crystal Lake. Both he and his wife were very community and service minded.</p>					
82.	Metro Bowl	77 E. Brink St.	Crystal Lake	Algonquin	1956 2011
<p>Metro Bowl embodies an era. As you step through the door, the TV series, "Happy Days" comes to mind. Jim Contos' maternal grandfather, Bill Metropulus opened the four lane "Crystal Pocket Billiard and Bowling Alleys" on Williams Street. In 1955, Bill and Mary Metropulos moved their home to make way for the new ten lane Metro Bowl. They carefully brought over the 4 original lanes which is now lanes seven, eight, nine and ten. Jim Contos proudly deeps his vintage AMF pinspotters whirling away and his hardwood lanes professionally oiled to perfection. Other pieces of history have been kept like the original non-electric cash register, the original bowling lockers and the chute and receptacle where the beer bottles were sent down when bottles were returnable.</p>					
83.	Bettendorf Castle	418 Concord Ave.	Fox River Grove	Algonquin	1932 2011
<p>This castle is really a testament to one man's vision of creating his humble home into a castle. Ted Bettendorf s memories of roaming through the ruins of the once grand 11th Century Vianden Castle in Luxembourg as a child inspired him to build his own castle on the bluffs of Fox River Grove. This lifelong undertaking is amazing because of the fact that it was the work of just one man who built it by hand. He quarried the materials from his own property as well gathering stones from nearby areas and quarried in his Model T truck. Using a slip-form construction, he worked on his castle for 36 years until he died at the age of 78. He was also active in the community and opened his grounds for visitors.</p>					
84.	Josephine & William Lorimer Jr. House	615 Lake Ave.	Crystal Lake	Algonquin	1929 2013
<p>This distinctive house is in the first Federal Revival style which we have plaqued. Local builder, W. Frank Robbin worked on the design with Josephine. This home's striking elements are its truly magnificent white portico with its four square columns, the centrally located Palladian window and unique white glazed local brick Duntile walls. William Lorimer Jr. was son of Senator William J. Lorimer who also served in</p>					

<u>Property Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Township</u>	<u>Year Built</u>	<u>Year Plaqued</u>
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the House of Representatives for several terms. Lorimer Jr., a Chicago businessman joined his father here in the William Lorimer Lumber Company. It was often referred to as "the White House".

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|-----|--|-----------------------|--------------|---------|------|------|
| 85. | El Tovar Theatre | 26 N. Williams Street | Crystal Lake | Nunda | 1929 | 2013 |
| | Elmer Behrns was the architect for El Tovar as well as 8 other theatres in Illinois, including the Miller Theatre in Woodstock. During the 1920's, the era of Grand Palaces of Theatre when exotic styles were favored, the El Tovar was created in the Spanish Mission style. Much of the façade as well as the interior is still original. Tiles from local businesses, American Terra Cotta as well as Duntile were used on the façade. The mosaic floor was also created from American Terra Cotta tiles. Eight thousand people attended the grand opening in 1929 and the theatre has been an integral part of the community since its inception except for the period of restoration into the Raue Center for the Arts. | | | | | |
| 86. | George Burger House | 524 Clay Street | Woodstock | Dorr | 1901 | 2013 |
| | This impressive Queen Anne house made a remarkable recovery after being a multi-family dwelling. It has all the hallmarks of a Queen Anne from the wraparound front porch, steeply pitched roof and irregular shape along with its asymmetrical footprint. A unique feature is its square bay with its multi-sided turret. The fish scale siding in the peaks and the beautiful beveled glass windows are other exceptional elements. It was built by Schneider and Clark. George Burger was a coal & implement dealer with community interests having served on the Woodstock Board of Education & was nominated as a Woodstock Alderman for the North side | | | | | |
| 87. | St. John the Baptist Catholic Church | 2302 W. Church St. | Johnsburg | McHenry | 1902 | 2014 |
| | This is the 4th St. John's Church to be built on this site. After the tragic fire in 1901, this magnificent church was built. In the European Gothic style with its cruciform floor plan, 45 foot vaulted ceiling, 7 steeples and Gothic stained glass windows and rose window made in Germany, this church resonates the grand European cathedrals. The focal point of St. John's is located at the end of a long and wide approach, the sanctuary. The area in and around the sanctuary includes the beautifully ornate main altar and left and right flanking altars, all with colorful, and inspirational statuary. The altars and flanking confessionals were meticulously hand carved, stained and gilded in Germany, then reassembled in Johnsburg. Word has it that many of the parishioners, German immigrants helped build today's church. | | | | | |

PART IV — MCHENRY COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE LANDMARK LIST — MUNICIPALITIES
Published by the McHenry County Historic Preservation Commission Revision Date: 5 December 2013

CITY OF MCHENRY, LANDMARK COMMISSION:

Property Name, Address, City, *all in McHenry Township* (Year Built)

1. North Western Hotel, 3939-41 West Main Street, McHenry (1901)
2. The Count's House, 3803 West Waukegan Rd, McHenry (1860)
3. George Gage Home, 3801 West Main Street, McHenry (1850)
4. Harrison-Smith Home, 3804 West Main Street, McHenry (1872)
5. Riverside Hotel, 3308 West Elm Street, McHenry (1870)
6. Barbian Homestead, 150 I North Riverside, Dr McHenry (1889)
7. McHenry Power Plant, 1402 North Riverside, Dr McHenry 1903)
8. Prairie Four Square (Bolander Home), 3619 Waukegan Road, McHenry (1902)
9. Samantha McCullom-Button Home, 3715 West Waukegan Rd, McHenry (1855)
10. Dunlap Home, 3712 West Main Street, McHenry (1858)
11. McHenry Brewery, 3425 West Pearl Street, McHenry (1868)
12. Wentworth-Walsh Home, 3710 West Main Street, McHenry (1888)
13. Geiseler Dry Goods, 3902 West Main Street, McHenry (1901)
14. West McHenry State Bank, 3922 West Main Street, McHenry (1915)
15. McHenry School/Landmark School, 3614 West Waukegan Rd, McHenry (1894)
16. Zion Lutheran Church, 3813 West John Street, McHenry (1891)
17. Peterson Farm and Hickory Creek Farm 4112 McCullom Lake Road, McHenry (1842)

MARENGO SOCIETY FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION:

Property Name	Address	Year Plaqued
Amos B. Coon House	320 S State Street	2002
Charles H. Hibbard "Cupola" House	413 W Grant Hwy	2003
Orson P. Rogers House	309 W Grant Hwy	2004
Dr. William Gooder home	651 W Washington Street	2004
Henry Patrick Home	650 E. Washington Street	2006
Flatlander Market	125 S State Street	2006

(List continues on next page)

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GREATER HARVARD HISTORICAL SOCIETY:

Property Name	Address	City	Township	Year Built
1 Jacobs Woods House	4817 Pagles Road	Harvard	Chemung	1876
2 McNutt House	306 North Jefferson	Harvard	Chemung	1899
3 Clarence Darrell Law Office (Oldest Store on Main Street)	22 North Ayer	Harvard	Chemung	1865
4 Repeta House	901 North Division	Harvard	Chemung	1904
5 1st State Bank Building.	32 North Ayer	Harvard	Chemung	1866
6 Congregational Church	308 North Hart	Harvard	Chemung	1866
7 Gilbert Brainard House	401 West Brown	Harvard	Chemung	1891
8 Episcopal Parish Hall (1881 Church next door burned in 1978)	107 East Sumner	Harvard	Chemung	1913
9 St. Joseph's School	Route 14	Harvard	Chemung	1916
10 St. Joseph's Catholic Church	206 East Street	Harvard	Chemung	1891
11 Frank Newman Summer House	20605 Brink Street	Harvard	Dunham	1873
12 Stafford House	600 North Hart Street	Harvard	Chemung	1890
13 Engine House	107 West Front Street	Harvard	Chemung	1889
14 Mt. Auburn Cemetery	22501 Brink Street	Harvard	Dunham	1874
15 Harvard Retirement Home		Harvard	Chemung	

HUNTLEY HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION:

Property Name	Address	City	Township
T.S. Huntley House	10904 Woodstock St	Huntley	Grafton
Hoy House	10802 Woodstock St	Huntley	Grafton
Waters property	11802 North Street	Huntley	Grafton
Hackworthy property	11006 Woodstock St	Huntley	Grafton
Jordi property	11008 Woodstock St	Huntley	Grafton
Goldberg property	10510 East Main Street	Huntley	Grafton

Please note: All Properties above are in the Huntley Historic District. The District also includes all brick paved portions of Woodstock Street. In addition to the Huntley Historic District there are two (2) other landmarked properties:

Whittemore-Baumgartner	12101 W. Main St	Huntley	Grafton
Randall House	12117 W. Main St	Huntley	Grafton

(List continues on next page)

PART IV — MCHENRY COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE LANDMARK LIST — MUNICIPALITIES
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ALGONQUIN FOUNDERS DAY COMMITTEE:

Property Name	Address	Year Built	Year of Plaque
Congregational Church of Algonquin	109 Washington Street	1868	1972
James Philp	114 S. Main St.	1856	1972
James Philp	400 Washington St.	1871	1972
John Peter	301 S. Main St.	1878	1973
James Philp Blacksmith Shop	114 S. Main St.	1856	1973
Dr. William Nason	103 Madison St.	1885	1974
Dr. B.B. Bentley	203 S. Main St.	1864	1974
D.S. Babbitt Building	208 S. Main St.	1881	1975
Robert Kee	320 S. Harrison St.	1881	1975
Chris Pirrow	409 S. Main St.	1890	1976
Dr. B.B. Bentley Building	205 S. Main St.	1873	1976

Additionally, the Algonquin Historic Commission has sold over 90 Historic Structure Identification signs featuring the year of construction and the name of the original owners.

CITY OF WOODSTOCK:

Property Name	Address	City	Township	Year Built
1. Woodstock Armory	400 N. Madison St.	Woodstock	Dorr	1912

Please note: Besides the property above, the City of Woodstock has officially adopted a Downtown Business Historic Preservation District and the boundaries are roughly as follows: South Street on the south, Seminary Avenue on the east, Newell Street and First Street on the north, and Hayward Street on the west.

In addition, The Woodstock Square National Register District is contained within the local downtown district. The National Register District includes the properties on the square itself, along with properties along Main and N. Benton, the northeast corner of Church St., the train station, and the Woodstock City Hall.

In addition, honorary plaques from two former city commissions, Environmental Enhancement and Bicentennial, are as follows:

Property Name	Address	City	Township	Year Built
1 John Henderick House	329 Lake Avenue	Woodstock	Dorr	1840
2 Jacobs Harder House	123 South Hayward	Woodstock	Dorr	1852
3 Elijah Burbank House	517 Dean Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1855
4 Elijah Burbank House	522 Dean Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1855
5 David W. Robinson House	535 West Jackson Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1858
6 Peter Sondericker House	304 West Calhoun Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1860
7 Major John Southworth House	301 West Jackson Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1862
8 Joseph Petrie House	315 Dean Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1865
9 Simon Brink House	602 Clay Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1868
10 Cyrus B. Durfee House	401 West Jackson	Woodstock	Dorr	1870

PART IV — MCHENRY COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE LANDMARK LIST — MUNICIPALITIES
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11 Edward Murphy House	326 West Jackson	Woodstock	Dorr	1875
12 Colonel William Avery House	415 West South Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1883
13 Homer Abbott House	382 South Tryon Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1880
14 Lorenzo Parsons House	481 West Jackson	Woodstock	Dorr	1889
15 Judge C.P. Barnes House	344 Fremont Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1805
16 Silas B. Olmstead House	410 Dean Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1892
17 Charles Rushton House	348 South Madison Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1893
18 A.B. McConnell House	126 East South Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1894
19 Charles B. Wright House	421 West Jackson Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1895
20 Josiah Hyde House	457 West Jackson Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1895
21 Emilius C. Jewitt House	310 West Jackson Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1895
22 Stark L. Hart House	216 Third Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1896
23 Edwin Hanaford House	450 Fremont Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1896
24 George Mills House	631 South Jefferson Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1898
25 Peter Nester House	339 South Madison Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1900
26 Fremont Hoy House	502 West Judd Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1900
27 George S. Eckert House	340 South Madison Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1900
28 William B. Class House	202 West South Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1900
29 Dr. E.V. Anderson House	324 Dean Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1901
30 Bart Young House	327 South Jefferson Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1901
31 Leroy Wright House	360 South Madison Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1902
32 A.J. Murphy House	463 West Jackson Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1902
33 Louis G. Wilcox House	324 North Madison Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1902
34 Herman Bosshard House	400 South Madison Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1902
35 Robert Beatty House	354 South Madison Street	Woodstock	Dorr	1902
36 John Johnson House	838 Seminary Avenue	Woodstock	Dorr	1904

(Part V of List continues on next page)

PART V — POTENTIAL LANDMARKS (Unincorporated areas)

POTENTIAL LANDMARKS:

(as specified by the 1993 Survey Team of the McHenry County Historic Preservation Commission except for structures that have been lost)

Property Name	Address	City	Township	Year Built	Current Status
1 Pyramid House	Alden Road	Alden	Alden	1890	
2 Prairie Foursquare	Route 173	Alden	Alden	1900	
3 Alden School	Route 173	Alden	Alden	1896	
4 Andrews House	Route 173	Alden	Alden	1872	
5 Brigham Farmstead	Hillside Road	Hebron	Hebron	1840	
6 Johnson Farmstead	Johnson Road	Hebron	Hebron	1850	
7 Weisner Farmstead	Vanderkarr Road	Hebron	Hebron	1865	
8 Stewart Farmhouse	Vanderkarr Road	Hebron	Hebron	1880	
9 Old Mill Inn	Barnard Mill Road	Wonder Lake	Richmond	1880	
10 Robert Gardner Farm	West Solon Road	Solon Mills	Richmond	1850	
11 Richardson Farmstead	Richardson Road	Spring Grove	Burton	1863	
12 Hatch Octagon Barn	Main Street	Spring Grove	Burton	1880	
13 Davidson House	Pagles Road	Harvard	Dunham	1876	
14 Kennedy Way Station	Route 14	Woodstock	Hartland	1853	
15 Rasmussen House	Greenwood Road	Greenwood	Greenwood	1880	
16 Haimbaugh Homestead	Greenwood Road	Greenwood	Greenwood	1860	
17 Colby-Petersen Farmstead	McCullum Lake Road	McHenry	McHenry	1850	Incorporated
18 Limestone School	Hawthorn Road	Marengo	Marengo	1800's	
19 Samuel Terwilliger House	Mason Hill Road	Bull Valley	Nunda	1849	
20 Simon Wheeler House	Country Club Road	Bull Valley	Dorr	1867	
21 Riley Methodist Church	Riley Road	Riley	Riley	1898	
22 Riley Town Hall	Riley Road	Riley	Riley	1868	
23 Prescott Whittemore Hse	Marengo Road	Union	Coral	1841	
24 Chapin Wilcox Farmstead	Harmony Road	Harmony	Coral	1882	
25 Samuel Morris House	Harmony Road	Harmony	Coral	1854	
26 St. John's Cemetery	Algonquin Road	Algonquin	Algonquin	1835	

—End of McHenry County Comprehensive Landmark List